

3. Then took the other, just as fair,
And having perhaps the better claim,
Because it was grassy and wanted wear;

a. Complete the sentence appropriately.

One can identify the poetic device of alliteration in 'wanted wear' because

b. What does one understand from the description of the second road as 'grassy and wanted wear?'

- i. Many people had walked that path.
- ii. Not many people had walked that path.
- iii. Nobody had ever cleared that path.
- iv. Many people feared taking that path.

c. State whether the following statement is True or False.

The poet made an unusual choice, as most people would have chosen the used and familiar road.

d. Select the appropriate option to complete the sentence, according to the extract.

The poet knew walking on the unfamiliar path would be

- i. easy.
- ii. challenging.
- iii. exciting.
- iv. strange.

e. Why is the setting of the poem in the season of autumn?

- i. It is considered to be the best time of the year.
- ii. It adds to the overall visual imagery in the poem.

- iii. It is a reflection of the poet's gloomy state of mind.
- iv. It gives the reason why there were leaves on the paths.

Answers

- a. both the words start with the same sound.
- b. ii.
- c. True
- d. ii.
- e. iii.

4. Oh, I kept the first for another day!

Yet knowing how way leads on to way,

I doubted if I should ever come back.

a. Complete the sentence with the appropriate option.

The expression 'Oh' indicates the poet's about knowing that he may never be able to try that road.

- i. mistake
- ii. regret
- iii. sadness
- iv. distress

b. Comment on the poet's choice of the road he decided to walk on.

c. What characteristics of the poet do we learn about from the given stanza?

- i. He is an egoist man who wanted to go back to his native country in search of fame.
- ii. He is a practical man who knows he has to live by the consequences of his choice.
- iii. He is an intelligent man who does not doubt the rightness of the decision he makes.
- iv. He is a dreamer like all poets who looks for answers in the most mundane things.

d. Complete the analogy about the choice of the poet.

First : future :: Second :

e. Select the sentence in which a synonym of the word 'back' has been used in a different manner than from the extract.

- i. I asked him to return all the money he had.
- ii. What time will you return home tonight?
- iii. The kitchen was built in the rear of the house.
- iv. The soldiers were told to retreat to the camp.

Answers

- a. ii.
- b. Though the poet found both the roads equally attractive, the 'other' road had more of an effect on him because it looked rather unused.
- c. ii.
- d. present
- e. iii.

5. I shall be telling this with a sigh

Somewhere ages and ages hence:

Two roads diverged in a wood, and I -

- a. Complete the sentence appropriately.

We know the poet has used the literary device of a hyperbole in 'ages and ages hence' because

- b. The personal path the poet had chosen for himself in his youth was extremely _____ for him in the future.

- i. harmful

- ii. frustrating

- iii. beneficial

- iv. valuable

- c. State whether the following statement is True or False.

The poet has an inkling that the choice he was making about his future was not the correct one.

- d. Select the appropriate option to complete the sentence, according to the extract.

The 'sigh' of the poet indicates the poet's

- i. pride.

- ii. relief.

- iii. regret.

- iv. apprehension.

- e. For what reason is this poem called a nature poem?

- i. It is set in the midst of nature.

- ii. It deals with the nature of people.

- iii. It reflects on the meaning of nature.

- iv. It takes inspiration from nature.

Answers

- a. it is an exaggerated term and not to be taken literally.

- b. iii.**

- c. False

- d. iii.

- e. iv.